Interactive comment on “TROPOMI/S5ptotal ozone column data: global ground-based validation & consistency with other satellite missions” by Katerina Garane et al.

Katerina Garane et al.
agarane@auth.gr

Received and published: 12 July 2019

REPLY to the general comment of the Reviewer: The authors would like to warmly thank the referee for the review and the suggestions for corrections, which are addressed successively below. The suggestion for the direct satellite-to-satellite comparison is very important and was seriously considered. It was decided to add a new Section (4.3) to the manuscript, showing and discussing the maps of the satellite-to-satellite comparisons that show the spatial patterns of the differences, and the time series of the percentage differences between different pairs of sensors for distinct latitude belts. Hence, a more comprehensive discussion on satellite-to-satellite compar-
isons has been added for both NRTI and OFFL products. In general, it was shown that satellite-to-satellite differences are small (<1%) at moderate latitudes and slightly increase in Polar Regions. Sections 4.1 and 4.2 are also considered useful in explaining the differences between the sensors, because they interconnect the previous sections, where the TROPOMI TOC products are validated against GB measurements, with the direct satellite-to-satellite Section.

Minor corrections:

1. OMPS is misspelled in several places (as OPMS) REPLY: The misspelled term was corrected throughout the manuscript.

2. Page 2 Line 25- local ‘equatorial’ overpass time (add equatorial) REPLY: The word “equatorial” was added.

3. Page 3 line 11- remove commas REPLY: Commas were removed.

4. Page 3 line 18- Define GDP REPLY: GDP was defined by “GOME-2 Data Processor”

5. Page 5 line 24- add ‘spectrometer’ after double

6. Page 8 Line 3- no obvious ‘increase in’ variability REPLIES: The terms/phrases were added.


14. Figure 1: shouldn’t the y-axis label be “Standard Deviation (%)’? REPLY: The y-axis label in Fig. 1 was changed. Thank you for noticing this.

15. Figure 5: can an ozone scale be put on this to show the natural variability of ozone in the observation region? REPLY: The scale for the ozone values is added to the Figure.
16. Page 12 line 19- change maybe to may be REPL Y: The word “maybe” was changed to “may be”.

17. Page 15 lines 12-15. Why do I not see this high latitude deviation in figure 7 b &d? REPL Y: In Figures 7(b) and (d) the Brewer co-locations are presented (from WOUDC and EUBREWNET, respectively). The highest latitude bin with available co-locations is 60°N - 70°N. As it was seen in Figure 8, the albedos used by the two algorithms agree quite well in this latitude bin, which results to the lack of an important deviation between the two algorithms.

18. Sections 4.1 & 4.2 should be re-done to show satellite to satellite differences directly (see comment at beginning) REPL Y: Thank you again for the suggestion. As it is said in our answer to your general comment above, it was decided to add a new section (4.3), where the satellite-to-satellite comparisons are shown and discussed.

19. Page 25- lines7-10 This sentence is awkward and needs to be more clearly written. REPL Y: The sentence was rephrased: “We have shown that the best co-location criteria between the satellite-borne and direct-sun GB observations are to limit (a) the spatial co-location search radius around the stations to 10 km and (b) the temporal difference between satellite and GB co-locations (in case of individual measurements) to 40 minutes. “

Please also note the supplement to this comment: https://www.atmos-meas-tech-discuss.net/amt-2019-147/amt-2019-147-AC1-supplement.pdf